

RED HAT
SUMMIT

Button Push Deployments With Integrated Red Hat Open Management

The power of automation

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About US



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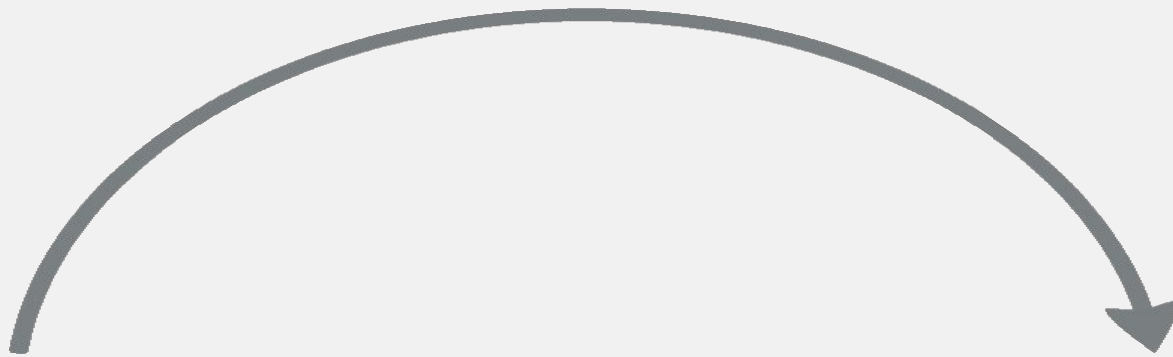
Intro

Ansible Tower, CloudForms, Insights, Satellite 6

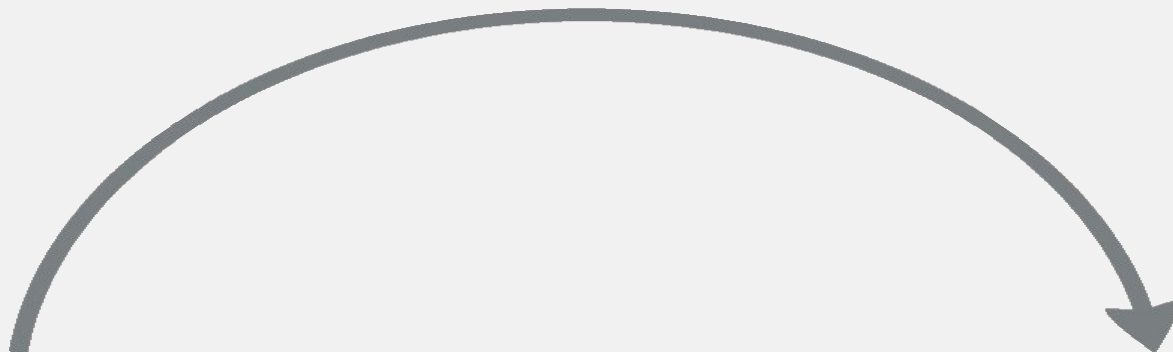
- Why do we care?
- What problems are we solving?
- How do the Red Hat tools address this?
- What does it look like in action?







CODE



PROD



{THE HOW}

CODE



{THE WHAT}

PROD



{THE WHERE}



{THE HOW}

CODE



{THE WHAT}

PROD



{THE WHERE}

75% of IT
SPEND

\$ TRILLIONS PER YEAR

{THE HOW}

CODE



“The worst day in a company's life is the day they buy a large piece of software.”

PROD



{THE WHAT}

{THE WHERE}

75% of IT
SPEND

\$ TRILLIONS PER YEAR

{THE HOW}

CODE



{THE WHAT}

“The worst day in a company's life is the day they buy a large piece of software.”

**AUTOMATION IS THE HOW
WITHOUT THE OVERHEAD**



PROD

{THE WHERE}

75% of IT
SPEND

\$ TRILLIONS PER YEAR

One Button Push Away From Red Hat Management

Red Hat Management Automated

From start to finish in less than 3 hours with these ingredients

Satellite 6



CloudForms



Ansible Tower



Insights



Red Hat Management Automated

Prerequisites

- <https://github.com/ldomb/rhsummit2017>
- Minimum requirement ansible 2.2.1
- Ansible vault file with your passwords, private keys ...
- Ansible Tower License can be requested here:
 - <https://www.ansible.com/license>
- Satellite 6 Manifest
- An AWS account (AWS Cli)
- Private key for AWS instances
- CloudForms image in AWS (uploadcfme.yaml)

Red Hat Management Automated

From start to finish in less than 3 hours with these ingredients

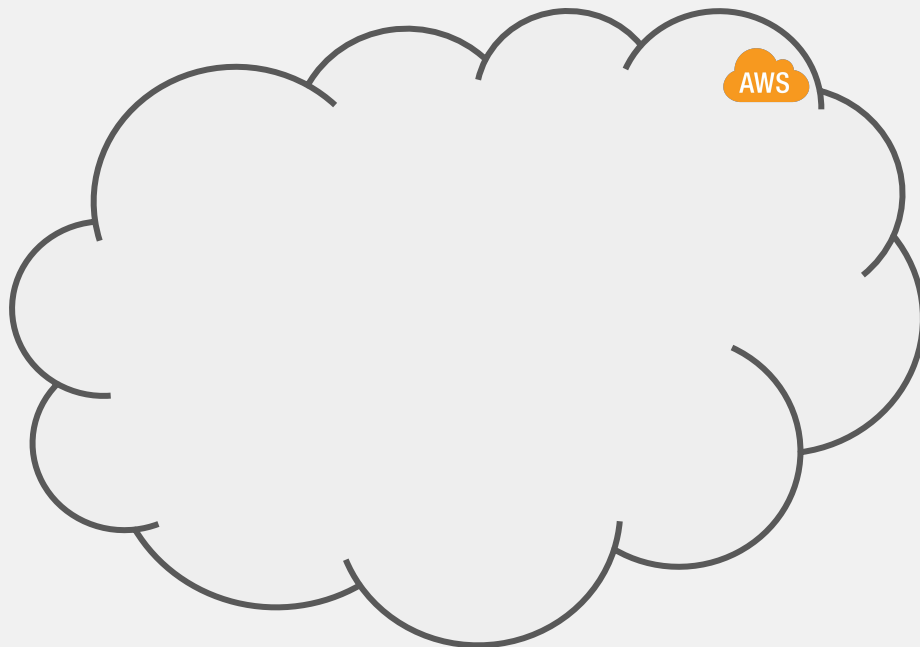
```
summit2017$ ansible-playbook buildrhmgmt.yaml --private-key=ldomb.pem  
--vault-password-file=../vaultpass -vv
```



RH-MANAGEMENT CORE

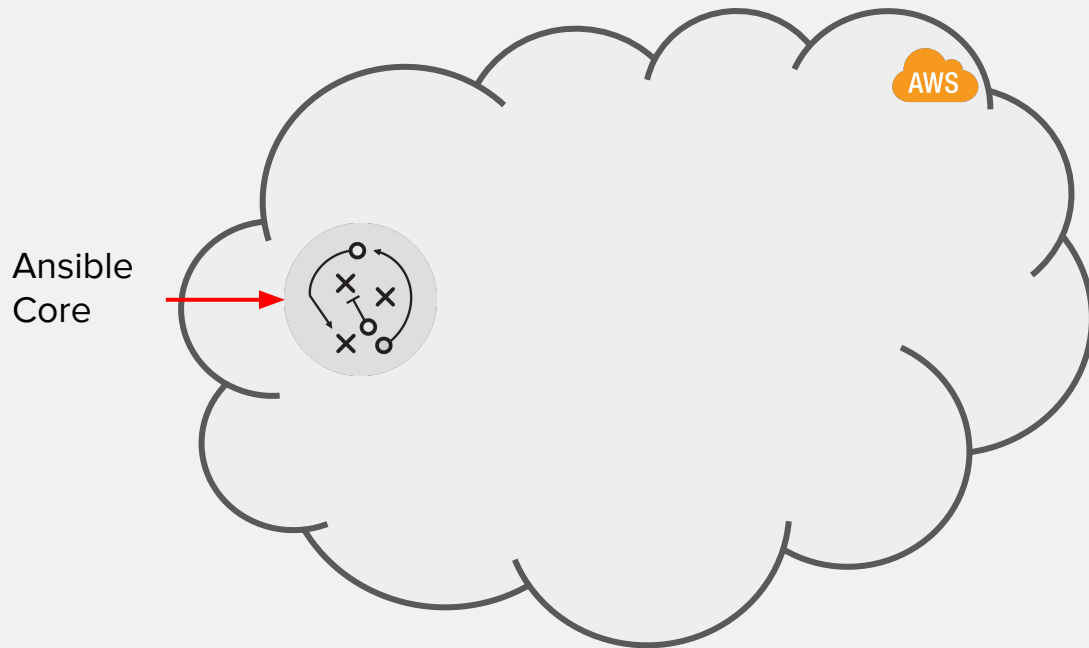
One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow

Ansible
Core



RH-MANAGEMENT ANSIBLE TOWER

One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow



RH-MANAGEMENT TOOLS

One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow

```
TASK [manage-ec2-instances : add host] *****
changed: [localhost] => (item={u'kernel': None, u'root device type': u'efs', u'private dns name': u'ip-172-31-146-153.ec2.internal', u'public ip':
u'54.144.64.252', u'private ip': u'172.31.146.153', u'id': u'i-0abbae05f7eb328d8', u'efs optimized': False, u'state': u'running', u'virtualizatio
n type': u'hvm', u'root device name': u'/dev/sda1', u'ramdisk': None, u'block device mapping': {u'/dev/sda1': {u'status': u'attached', u'delete on
termination': True, u'volume id': u'vol-0a8b0c5145e4626a0'}}, u'key name': u'ldomb', u'image id': u'ami-b63769a1', u'tenancy': u'default', u'grou
ps': {u'sg-5166b12e': u'rhmgmt'}, u'public dns name': u'ec2-54-144-64-252.compute-1.amazonaws.com', u'state code': 16, u'tags': {u'Environment': u
'production', u'Type': u'towerrhsummit', u'Name': u'towerrhsummit'}, u'placement': u'us-east-1b', u'ami_launch_index': u'0', u'dns name': u'ec2-54
-144-64-252.compute-1.amazonaws.com', u'region': u'us-east-1', u'launch_time': u'2017-04-28T15:43:22.000Z', u'instance_type': u'm3.large', u'archi
tecture': u'x86_64', u'hypervisor': u'xen'})

TASK [manage-ec2-instances : Wait for SSH banners] *****
ok: [localhost -> localhost] => (item={u'kernel': None, u'root device type': u'efs', u'private dns name': u'ip-172-31-146-153.ec2.internal', u'pub
lic ip': u'54.144.64.252', u'private ip': u'172.31.146.153', u'id': u'i-0abbae05f7eb328d8', u'efs optimized': False, u'state': u'running', u'virtu
alization type': u'hvm', u'root device name': u'/dev/sda1', u'ramdisk': None, u'block device mapping': {u'/dev/sda1': {u'status': u'attached', u'd
elete on termination': True, u'volume id': u'vol-0a8b0c5145e4626a0'}}, u'key name': u'ldomb', u'image id': u'ami-b63769a1', u'tenancy': u'default'
, u'groups': {u'sg-5166b12e': u'rhmgmt'}, u'public dns name': u'ec2-54-144-64-252.compute-1.amazonaws.com', u'state code': 16, u'tags': {u'Environ
ment': u'production', u'Type': u'towerrhsummit', u'Name': u'towerrhsummit'}, u'placement': u'us-east-1b', u'ami_launch_index': u'0', u'dns name':
u'ec2-54-144-64-252.compute-1.amazonaws.com', u'region': u'us-east-1', u'launch_time': u'2017-04-28T15:43:22.000Z', u'instance_type': u'm3.large',
u'architecture': u'x86_64', u'hypervisor': u'xen'})

PLAY [create tower] *****

TASK [setup] *****
ok: [54.144.64.252]

TASK [buildansibletower : get tar for ansibletower] *****
changed: [54.144.64.252]

TASK [buildansibletower : untar /tmp/ansible-tower-setup-bundle.tar.gz] *****
changed: [54.144.64.252]

TASK [buildansibletower : replace /tmp/ansible-tower-setup-bundle-3.1.2-1.el7/roles/nginx/tasks/tasks.yml] ***
changed: [54.144.64.252]

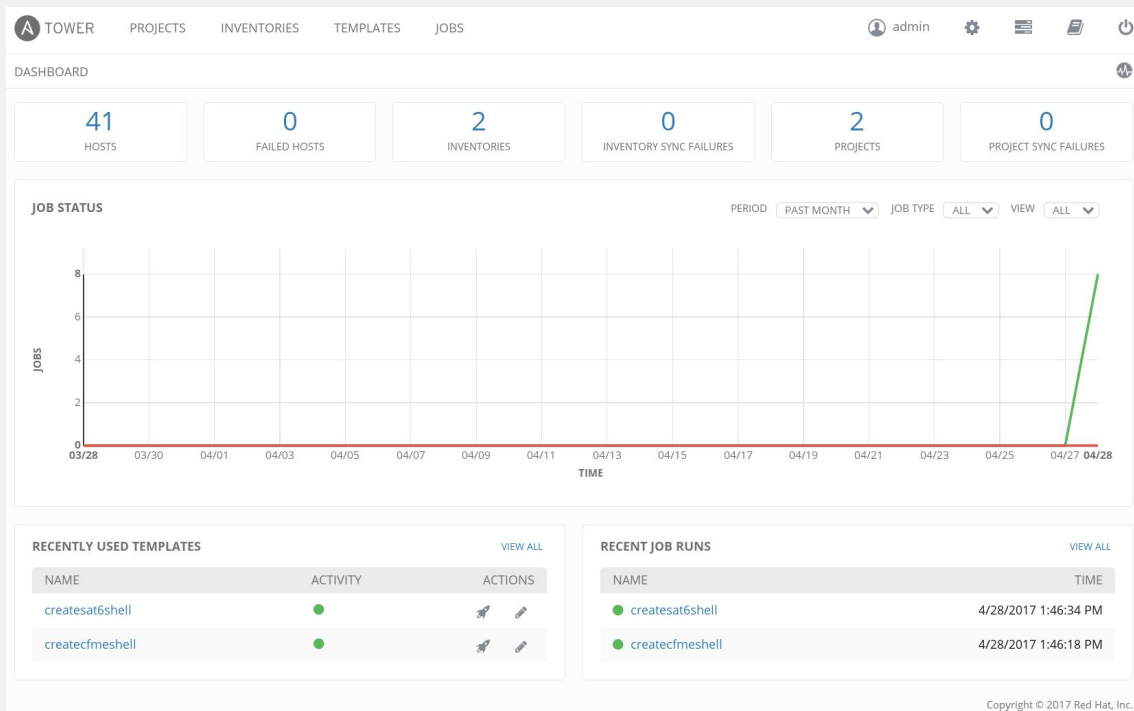
TASK [buildansibletower : add /etc/tower path to setting.py] *****
changed: [54.144.64.252]

TASK [buildansibletower : copy inventory to setup folder] *****
changed: [54.144.64.252]

TASK [buildansibletower : execute the tower installation] *****
```

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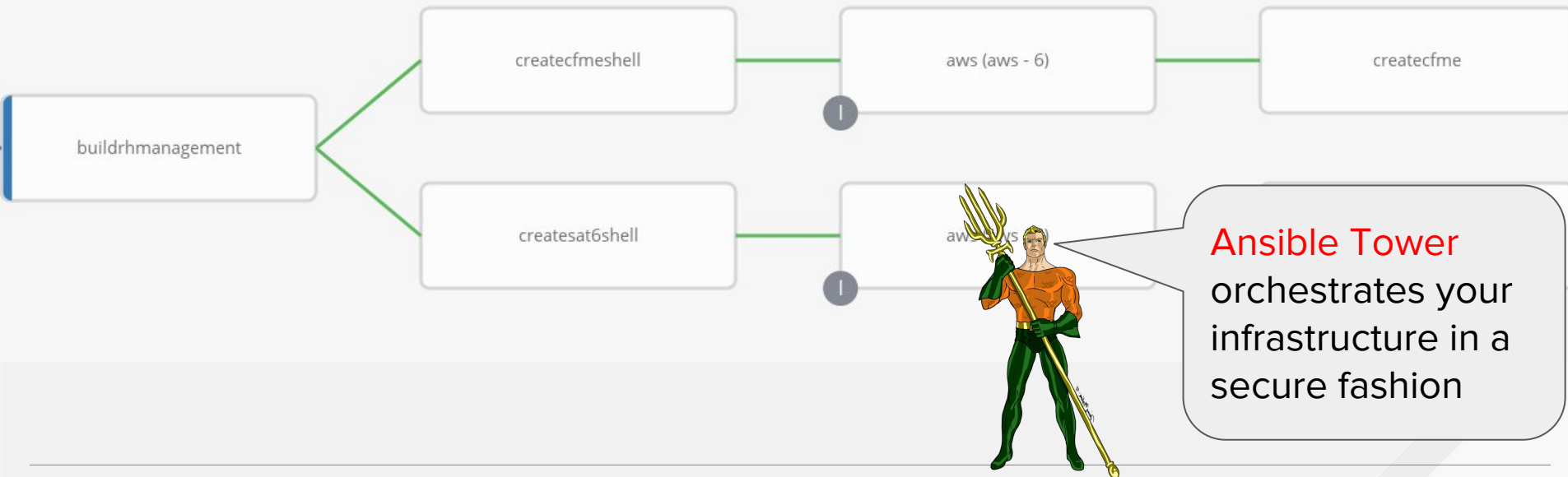
Building Ansible Tower - Gains



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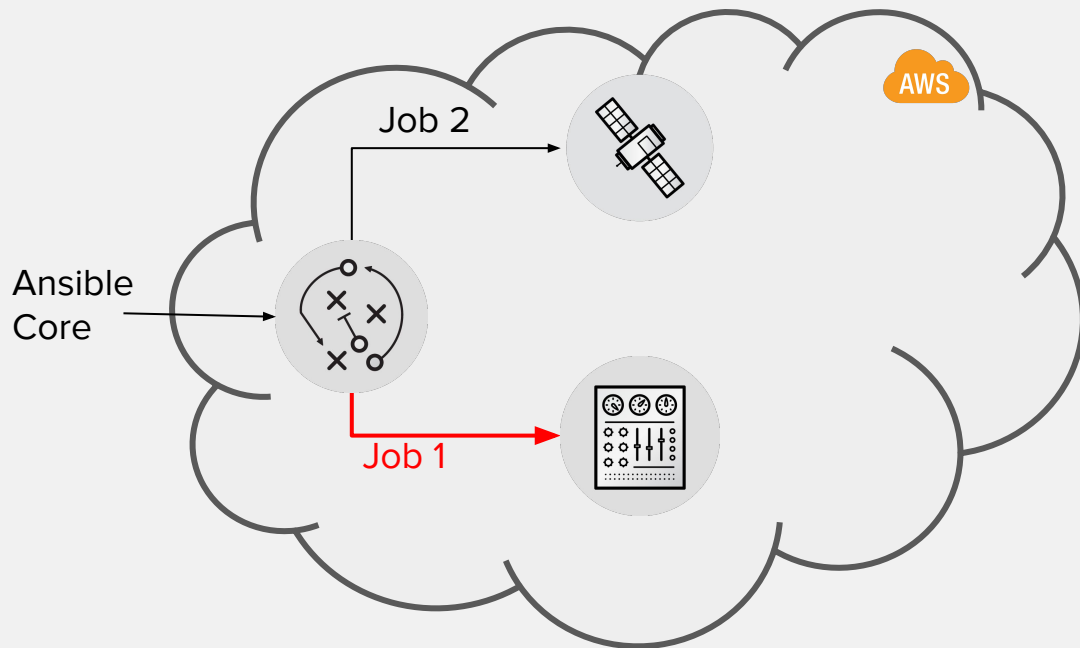
Red Hat Management Automated

Building Ansible Tower - Gains - Workflow Editor



RH-MANAGEMENT SATELLITE 6 / CLOUDFORMS

One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow



RH-MANAGEMENT TOOLS

One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow

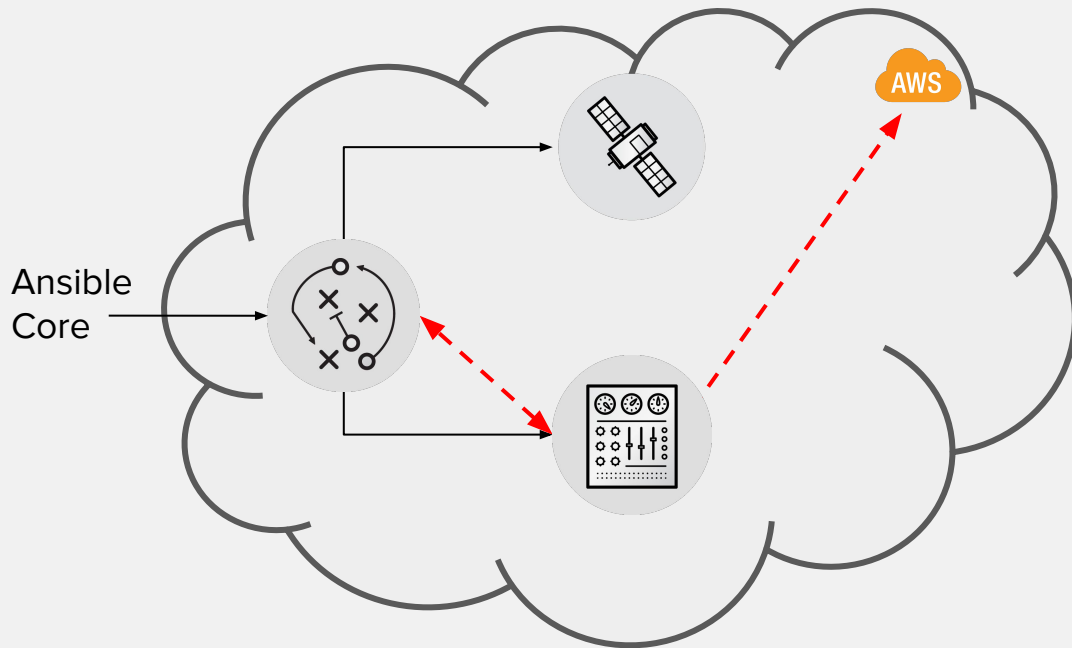
Job 1

The screenshot displays the Tower web interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'TOWER' and several menu items: 'PROJECTS', 'INVENTORIES', 'TEMPLATES', and 'JOBS'. On the right side of the navigation bar, there is a user profile 'admin' and several utility icons (gear, list, document, power). Below the navigation bar, the breadcrumb 'JOBS / 7 - createcfme' is visible. The main content area shows a job execution log with a list of tasks and their status. The tasks are numbered 7 through 26. Task 7 is 'PLAY [create cfme]'. Task 10 is 'TASK [Gathering Facts]' with sub-tasks for 'ok: [52.23.172.218]' and 'META: ran handlers'. Task 14 is 'TASK [buildcfme : copy chrony configuration for RHEL7]' with sub-task 'changed: [52.23.172.218]'. Task 17 is 'TASK [buildcfme : ensure chrony service is started and enabled]' with sub-task 'ok: [52.23.172.218]'. Task 20 is 'TASK [buildcfme : ensure chrony is getting restarted if necessary]' with sub-task 'changed: [52.23.172.218]'. Task 23 is 'TASK [buildcfme : perform appliance basic configuration]' with sub-task 'changed: [52.23.172.218]'. Task 26 is 'TASK [buildcfme : wait for cfme ui]'. Each task entry includes a timestamp on the right side. At the bottom right of the log area, there is a link '^ TOP'.

Line	Task Name	Status	Timestamp
7	PLAY [create cfme]		13:47:12
10	TASK [Gathering Facts]		13:47:12
11	ok: [52.23.172.218]		
12	META: ran handlers		
14	TASK [buildcfme : copy chrony configuration for RHEL7]		13:47:16
15	changed: [52.23.172.218]		
17	TASK [buildcfme : ensure chrony service is started and enabled]		13:47:19
18	ok: [52.23.172.218]		
20	TASK [buildcfme : ensure chrony is getting restarted if necessary]		13:47:20
21	changed: [52.23.172.218]		
23	TASK [buildcfme : perform appliance basic configuration]		13:47:21
24	changed: [52.23.172.218]		
26	TASK [buildcfme : wait for cfme ui]		13:49:11

RH-MANAGEMENT CLOUDFORMS

One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow



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CloudForms - Ansible Tower integration gains

All Configuration Management Providers



		Provider Name [▲]	URL	Type	Zone	Last Refresh Date	Region Description	Status	Total Configured Systems
<input type="checkbox"/>		Ansible Tower Configuration Manager	https://ip-172-31-226-121.ec2.internal/api/v1	Configuration Manager (Ansible Tower)	default	04/24/17 15:32:22 UTC	Region 99	Valid	51

Red Hat Management Automated

CloudForms - Ansible Tower integration gains

AWS01 (Summary)

Properties	
Region	US East (Northern Virginia)
Type	Amazon EC2
Management Engine GUID	a9ebf7b6-1ecd-11e7-83c8-12119dd96408
Region	us-east-1

Status	
Default Credentials	Valid
Last Refresh	Success - 17 Minutes Ago

Configuration	
Arbitration Profiles	0

Relationships	
Network Manager	AWS01 Network Manager
Availability zones	5
Host aggregates	0
Cloud tenants	0
Flavors	76
Security Groups	25
Instances	12

INVENTORIES 3

SEARCH	Q	KEY
NAME ▲		ORGANIZATION ▼
aws		Default
cloudforms		Default

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CloudForms - Ansible Tower integration gains

Providers

- ▼ All Configuration Manage...
 - > Red Hat Satellite Provi...
 - ▼ Ansible Tower Provide...
 - ▼ **Ansible Tower Con... >**
 - > aws
 - > cloudforms
 - > Demo Inventory
 - > satellite6

Inventory Groups under Ansible Tower Provider "Ansible Tower Configuration Manager"

Search

	Name	Total Configured Systems
	aws	34
	cloudforms	7
	Demo Inventory	1
	satellite6	9

Red Hat Management Automated

CloudForms - Ansible Tower integration gains

> Providers

> Configured Systems

▼ Ansible Tower Job Templates

▼ All Ansible Tower Job Tem...

▼ **Ansible Tower Configu...**

- T buildrhmanageme...
- T cis-compliance-test
- T createcfme**
- T createcfmeshell
- T createsat6
- T createsat6shell
- T Demo Job Template
- T Load balanced Wo...

Job Templates under "Ansible Tower Configuration Manager"

Search

		Name ^	Type	Description	Created On	Updated On
<input type="checkbox"/>	T	buildrhmanagement	Job Template (Ansible Tower)	Build RH Management	04/17/17 12:29:01 UTC	04/17/17 12:29:01 UTC
<input type="checkbox"/>	T	cis-compliance-test	Job Template (Ansible Tower)		04/13/17 07:43:07 UTC	04/13/17 07:43:07 UTC
<input type="checkbox"/>	T	createcfme	Job Template (Ansible Tower)		04/11/17 15:44:26 UTC	04/11/17 15:44:26 UTC
<input type="checkbox"/>	T	createcfmeshell	Job Template (Ansible Tower)		04/11/17 15:44:26 UTC	04/11/17 15:44:26 UTC
<input type="checkbox"/>	T	createsat6	Job Template (Ansible Tower)		04/11/17 15:44:27 UTC	04/11/17 15:44:27 UTC
<input type="checkbox"/>	T	createsat6shell	Job Template (Ansible Tower)		04/11/17 15:44:27 UTC	04/11/17 15:44:27 UTC

Red Hat Management Automated

CloudForms - Ansible Tower integration gains

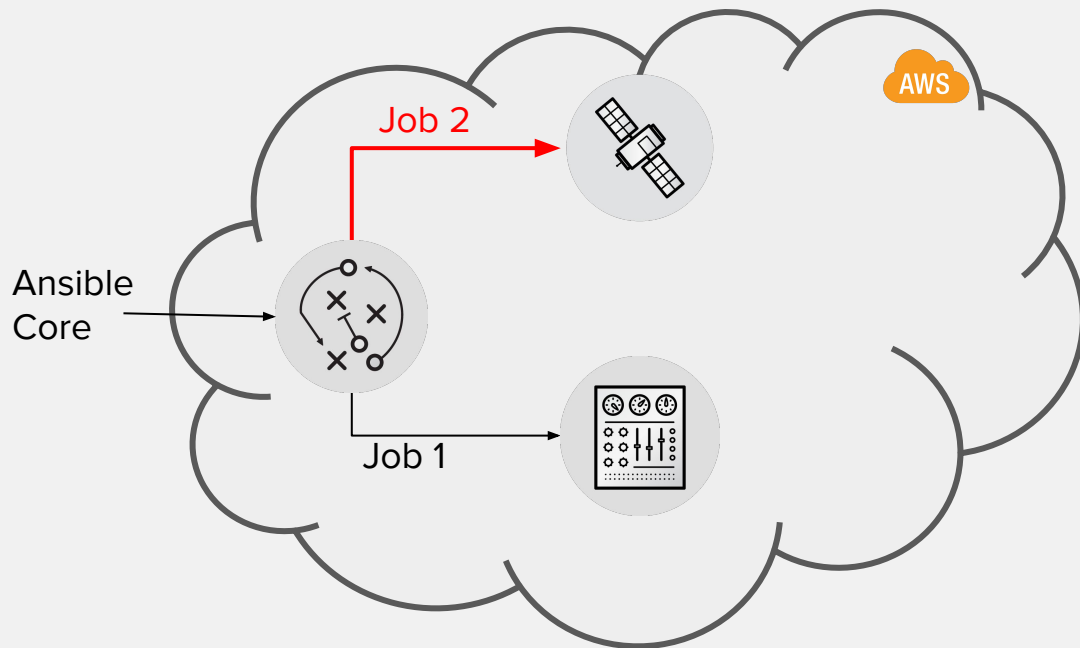
The screenshot displays the Red Hat CloudForms Management Engine interface. The top navigation bar includes the title "RED HAT® CLOUDFORMS MANAGEMENT ENGINE" and icons for a shopping cart, notifications, and help. The left sidebar contains navigation options: Dashboard, My Services (5), My Requests (>), and Service Catalog (3). The main content area shows a search filter "Name Filter by Name" and a sort option "Name ↓". Below the search bar, it indicates "3 Results".

Service Name	Source	Icon
BuildRHMGMT	Red Hat Summit 2017 RHMGMT	Red circle with "easy" text
Complete Wordpress cluster setup	Red Hat Summit 2017	Spider-Man character next to a box labeled "WORDPRESS Install" with gears
Load Balanced Wordpress Cluster	Red Hat Summit 2017	None

CloudForms + Ansible Tower = Build anything anywhere, any time

RH-MANAGEMENT SATELLITE 6 / CLOUDFORMS

One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow



RH-MANAGEMENT TOOLS

One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow

The screenshot displays the Tower web interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs for 'TOWER', 'PROJECTS', 'INVENTORIES', 'TEMPLATES', and 'JOBS'. A user profile 'admin' is visible on the right. Below the navigation bar, the breadcrumb 'JOBS / 9 - createsat6' is shown. The main content area contains a list of job tasks with their IDs, descriptions, and completion times. The tasks are as follows:

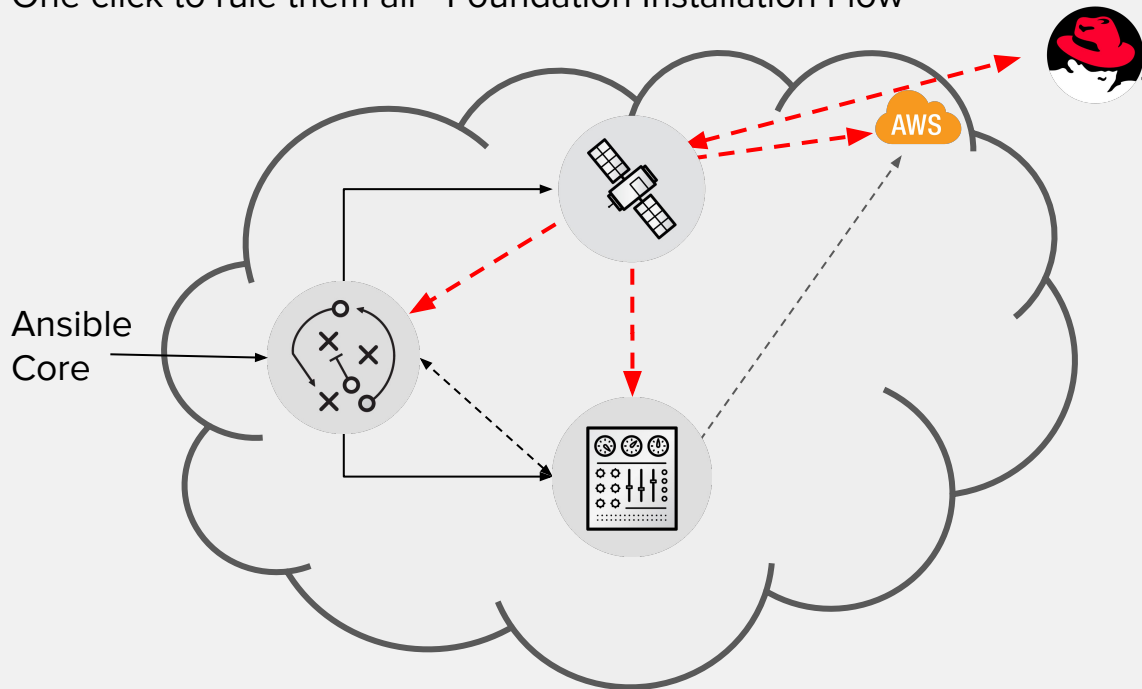
Task ID	Task Description	Completion Time
104	TASK [satellite-deployment : Set network interface autoconnect] *****	13:48:12
109		
110	TASK [satellite-deployment : Set network interface UP] *****	13:48:12
115		
116	TASK [satellite-deployment : Include firewall.yml] *****	13:48:12
118		
119	TASK [satellite-deployment : Install firewalld] *****	13:48:12
124		
125	TASK [satellite-deployment : Set hostname with hostnamectl] *****	13:48:30
127		
128	TASK [satellite-deployment : Update /etc/hosts with satellite hostname] *****	13:48:31
130		
131	TASK [satellite-deployment : Enable Firewalld] *****	13:48:31
133		
134	TASK [satellite-deployment : Firewall and hostname Opening Firewalld ports] ***	13:48:32
149		
150	TASK [satellite-deployment : Include install vars] *****	13:48:41
152		
153	TASK [satellite-deployment : Install software] *****	13:48:41

An '^ TOP' link is located at the bottom right of the task list.

Job 2

RH-MANAGEMENT SATELLITE 6

One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow



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Satellite 6 - CloudForms - Ansible Tower - Integration Gains

All Configuration Management Providers



		Provider Name [▲]	URL	Type	Zone	Last Refresh Date	Region Description	Status	Total Configured Systems
<input type="checkbox"/>		Ansible Tower Configuration Manager	https://ip-172-31-226-121.ec2.internal/api/v1	Configuration Manager (Ansible Tower)	default	04/24/17 15:32:22 UTC	Region 99	Valid	51
<input type="checkbox"/>		Satellite 6 Configuration Manager	https://ip-172-31-57-253.ec2.internal	Configuration Manager (Red Hat Satellite)	default	04/24/17 15:32:21 UTC	Region 99	Valid	9

Red Hat Management Automated

Satellite 6 - CloudForms - Ansible Tower - Integration Gains

[Red Hat Satellite Provider](#) » Add ConfiguredSystem

Request Purpose **Catalog** Customize Schedule

Configured Systems

Configured Systems

Hostname	Configuration Location	Configuration Organization	Operating System	Provider
host79.rdu.salab.redhat.com	nyc	redhat		sat6ldo

Configuration Profile *

RHEL7_Crash_Base

Note: Fields marked with * are required.

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Satellite 6 - CloudForms - Ansible Tower - Integration Gains

INVENTORIES 3

SEARCH

NAME	ORGANIZATION
aws	Default
cloudforms	Default
satellite6	Default

















Red Hat Management Automated

Satellite 6 - CloudForms - Ansible Tower - Integration Gains

Satellite 6

Hosts

Filter ... x Search

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Operating system
<input type="checkbox"/>	 ip-172-31-159-178.ec2.internal	 RedHat 7.3
<input type="checkbox"/>	 ip-172-31-165-67.ec2.internal	 RedHat 7.3
<input type="checkbox"/>	 ip-172-31-177-77.ec2.internal	 RedHat 7.3
<input type="checkbox"/>	 ip-172-31-238-93.ec2.internal	 RedHat 7.3
<input type="checkbox"/>	 ip-172-31-45-59.ec2.internal	 RedHat 7.3
<input type="checkbox"/>	 ip-172-31-47-45.ec2.internal	 RedHat 7.3
<input type="checkbox"/>	 ip-172-31-54-120.ec2.internal	 RedHat 7.3
<input type="checkbox"/>	 ip-172-31-96-218.ec2.internal	 RedHat 7.3

Displaying all 8 entries - 0 selected

CloudForms

- Compliance: OpenSSL Security
 - VM and Instance Compliance: DROWN OpenSSL Vulnerability
 - Vulnerable DROWN openssl packages (RHEL5/6/7)
 - VM Compliance Check
 - Generate log message
 - Mark as Non-Compliant

- Compliance Check on: 03/01/16 13:35:07 AEST
 - Policy: DROWN OpenSSL Vulnerability
 - Condition: Vulnerable DROWN openssl packages (RHEL5/6/7)
- Compliance Check on: 03/01/16 12:58:47 AEST
 - Policy: DROWN OpenSSL Vulnerability
 - Condition: Vulnerable DROWN openssl packages (RHEL5/6/7)
- Compliance Check on: 03/01/16 12:50:58 AEST

Red Hat Management Automated

Satellite 6 - CloudForms - Ansible Tower - Integration Gains

Satellite 6

Name	Type	Id	Title
ip-172-31-159-178.ec2.internal	Product Enhancement	RHEA-2017:0460	nspr, nss-util, and nss
ip-172-31-165-67.ec2.internal			
ip-172-31-177-77.ec2.internal			
ip-172-31-238-93.ec2.internal			
ip-172-31-45-59.ec2.internal			
ip-172-31-47-			

CloudForms

RED HAT® CLOUDFORMS MANAGEMENT ENGINE

Cloud Intel >

Red Hat Insights >

Configuration

Linux Ops

Windows Ops

Lifecycle

RH Insights

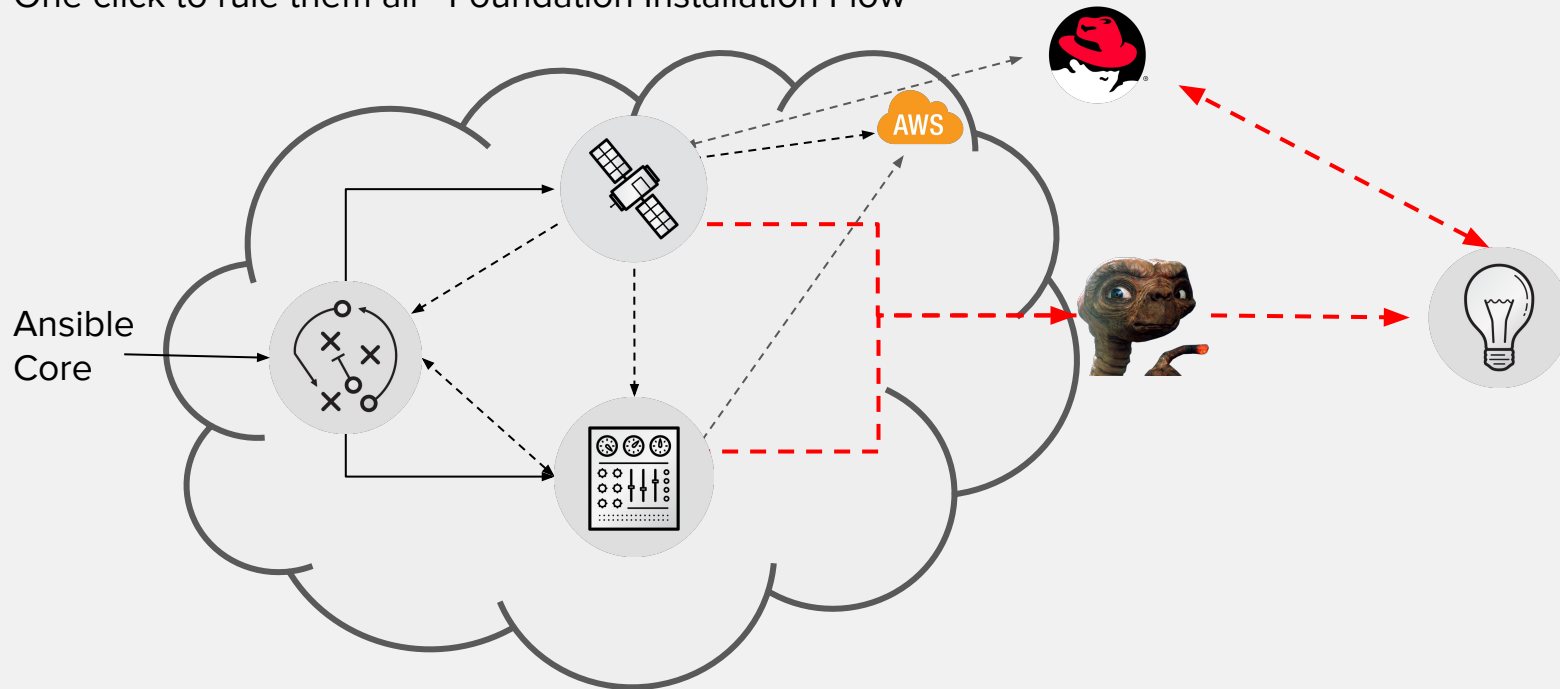
CVE-2016-0800_DR

CVE_2016_5696_KEN

CloudForms + Ansible Tower + Satellite = Build anything anywhere anytime and make it secure!

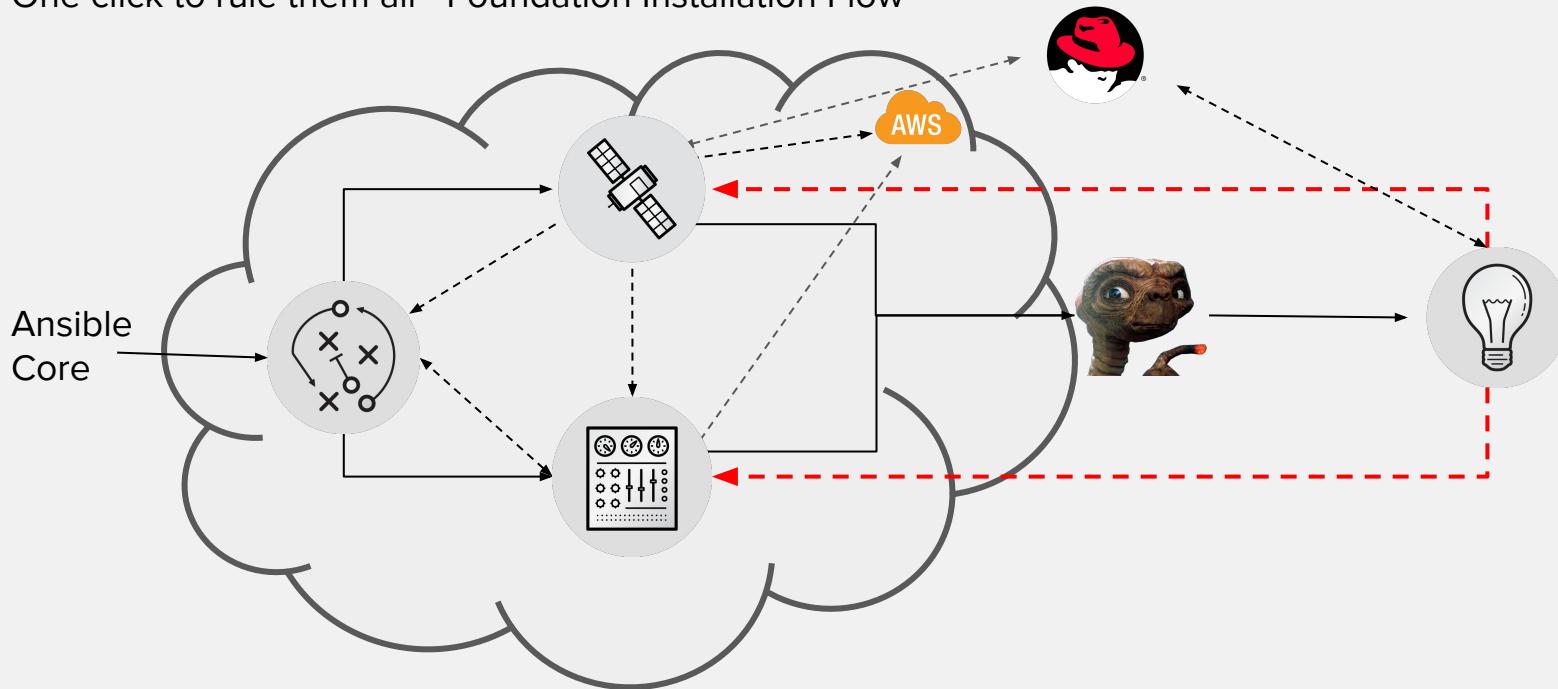
RH-MANAGEMENT INSIGHTS

One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow



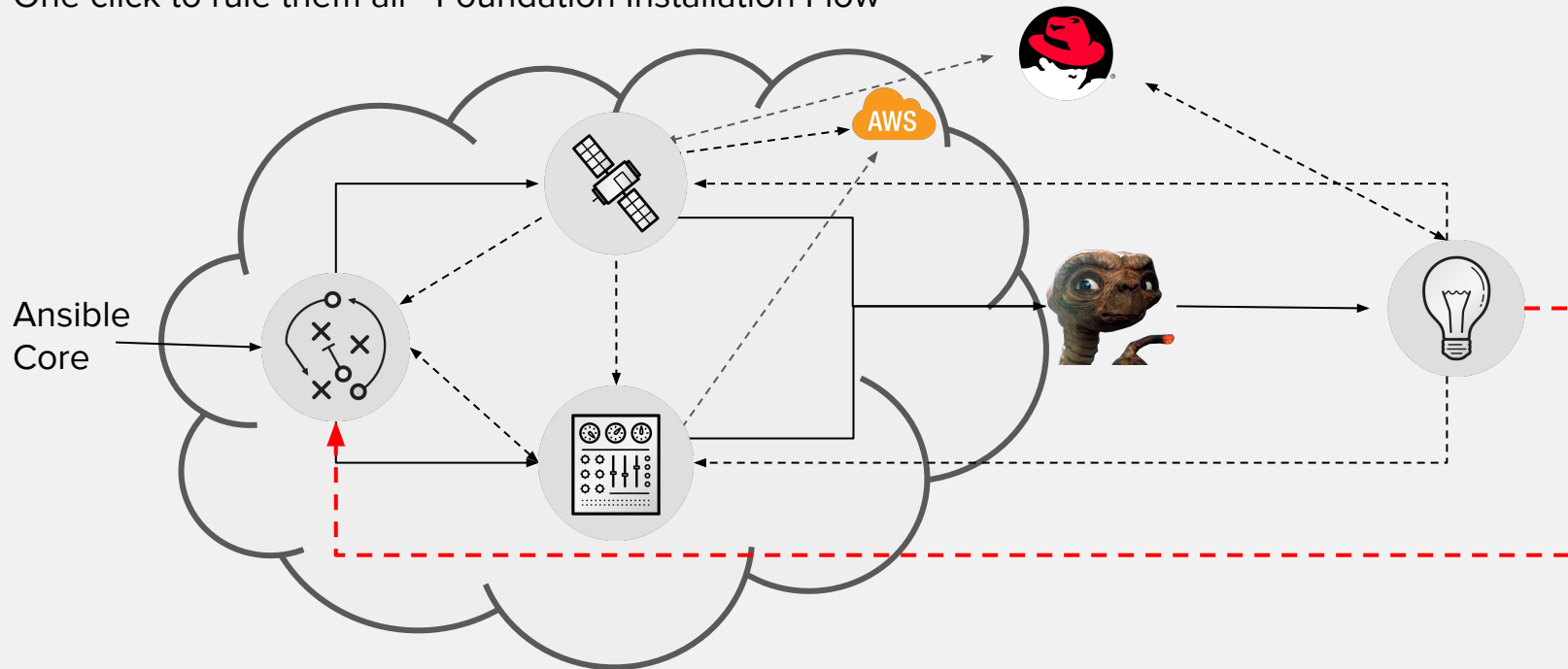
RH-MANAGEMENT INSIGHTS

One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow



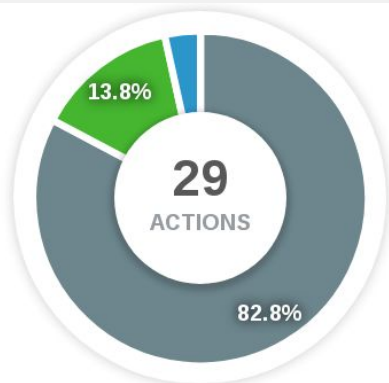
RH-MANAGEMENT INSIGHTS

One click to rule them all - Foundation Installation Flow



Red Hat Management Automated

Insights - CloudForms - Ansible Tower - Satellite 6 - integration gains



Use this chart to drill down and discover problems within your organization.

There are **29** actions detected from systems in your organization.

Overview

Overview

ALL INFO WARN ERROR

Section	Count
Security	24
Stability	4
Performance	1

3 systems are not checking in

[VIEW SYSTEMS AND RESOLVE](#)

Red Hat Management Automated

Insights - CloudForms - Ansible Tower - Satellite 6 - integration gains

⚠️ Kdump crashkernel reservation failed due to improper configuration of crashkernel parameter

Kdump is unable to reserve memory for the kdump kernel. The kdump service has not started and a vmcore will not be captured if the host crashes, which will make it difficult for our support technicians to determine why the machine crashed.

Impacted Systems

[Overview](#) / [Stability](#)

/ Kdump crashkernel reservation failed due to improper configuration of crashkernel parameter

Hostname ▲	Reported ⇅	
<input type="text" value="Filter"/>		
demo-insights-rhel65	about 9 hours ago	View
demo-insights-rhel70.demo.mbu.redhat.com	about a month ago	View
localhost.localdomain.localdomain	2 months ago	View

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Performance > NUMA performance regression on specific kernels

Detected issue

This host is a NUMA system running kernel version **2.6.32-431.el6.x86_64**.

A change was introduced in Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.5 to make machines with weird topologies bootable. However, for normal systems this change can lead to a NUMA mapping with incorrect `cpu_power` settings for all domains other than the first. As a result, under some workloads, performance issues can be observed.

Steps to resolve

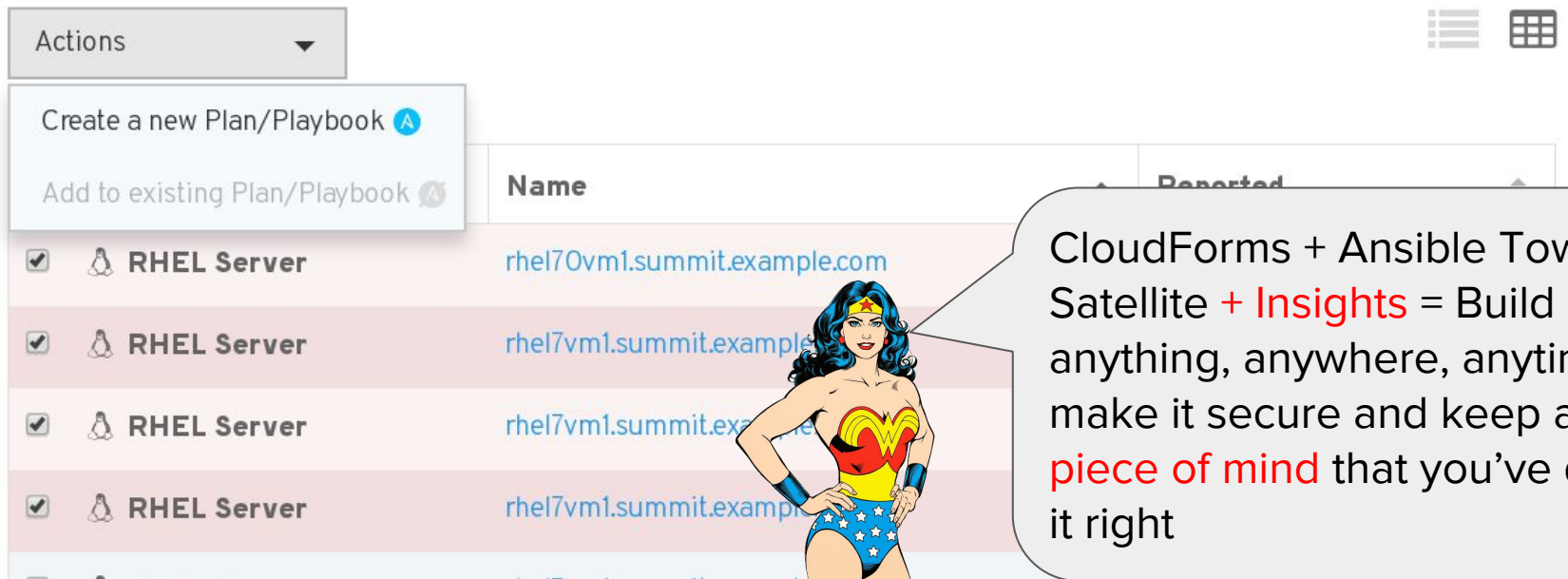
To fix this issue, Red Hat recommends that you update the deployed kernel to version **2.6.32-431.20.3.el6** or later.

```
# yum update kernel
```

If you are unable to update your kernel at this time, an effective workaround is to use the `taskset` command to force a process to run on a specific CPU.

Red Hat Management Automated

Insights - CloudForms - Ansible Tower - Satellite 6 - integration gains
13 Impacted Systems



The screenshot shows a management interface with a dropdown menu for 'Actions' and a table of systems. The dropdown menu includes options: 'Create a new Plan/Playbook' and 'Add to existing Plan/Playbook'. The table has columns for 'Name' and 'Reported'. The first four rows of the table are highlighted in pink and each contains a checkmark, a penguin icon, and the text 'RHEL Server'.

	Name	Reported
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RHEL Server	rhel70vm1.summit.example.com
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RHEL Server	rhel7vm1.summit.example.com
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RHEL Server	rhel7vm1.summit.example.com
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RHEL Server	rhel7vm1.summit.example.com



CloudForms + Ansible Tower +
Satellite + **Insights** = Build
anything, anywhere, anytime,
make it secure and keep a
piece of mind that you've done
it right

RH-MANAGEMENT SUPERPOWERS TEAM

SATELLITE 6



INSIGHTS



ANSIBLE TOWER



CLOUDFORMS



Provision and manage **servers** and **networking** anywhere, anytime and be sure it's **secure** and **compliant**. Keep in mind we are **watching** you!

One Button Push To RH Management Suite



<https://youtu.be/dLuuZCIUkqg>

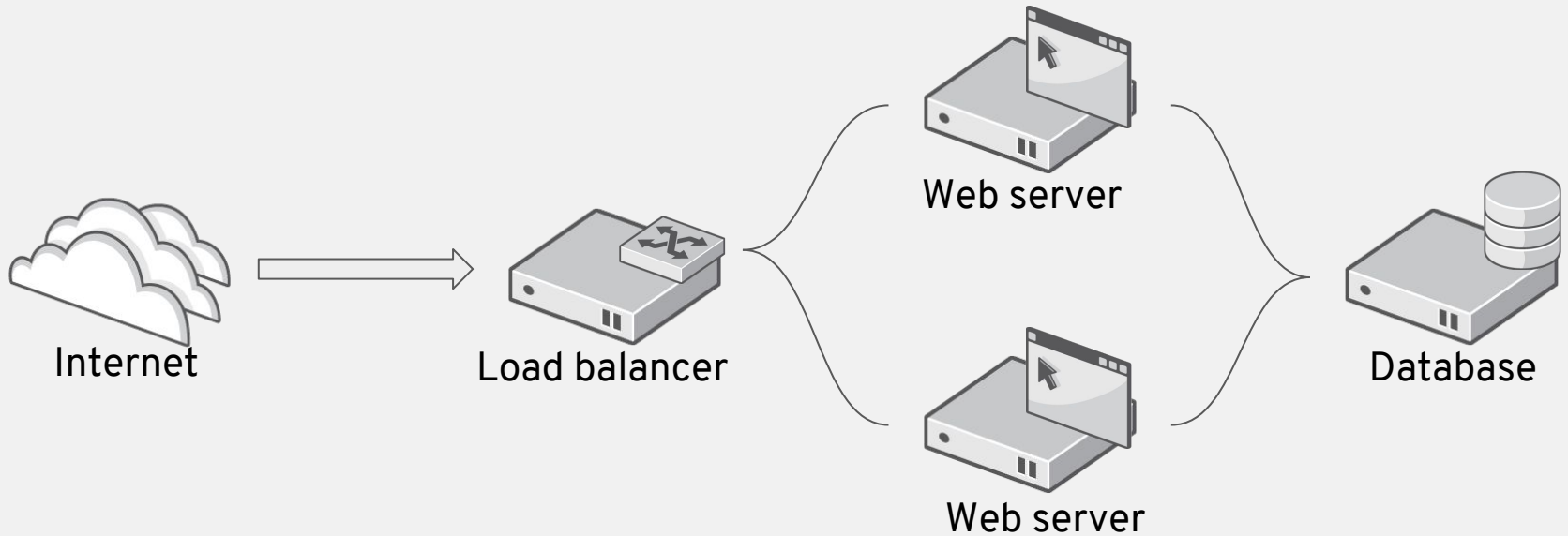
Here's a practical example, kids!

APPLICATION ANATOMY

Or: whose critical application only runs on a single server?

- A lot of applications out there follow the n-tier paradigm
 - This means applications functions are split out into multiple servers
- Traditionally, deploying applications like this has involved a lot of scripting
- Enter the combination of CloudForms, Satellite 6 and Ansible

AN N-TIER APPLICATION



HOW DOES THAT WORK?

- Automating the deploying an n-tier application requires
 - Something to create the initial systems
 - Something to configure the initial systems
 - Something to get the software from
 - Something to tie things together
 - Someplace my end users can go to, to press a button labeled 'gimme'

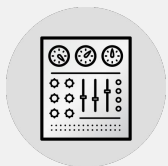
HOW DOES THAT WORK?

- Automating the deploying an n-tier application requires
 - Something to create the initial systems ➤ CloudForms
 - Something to configure the initial systems ➤ Satellite 6
 - Something to get the software from ➤ Satellite 6
 - Something to tie things together ➤ Ansible Tower by Red Hat
 - Someplace my end users can go to, to press a button labeled 'gimme' ➤ CloudForms

CLOUDFORMS SELF-SERVICE

How CloudForms ties self-service, system deployment and configuration together

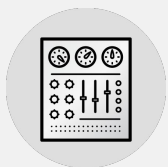
Order a service in
the CloudForms
self-service portal



CLOUDFORMS SELF-SERVICE

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Order a service in
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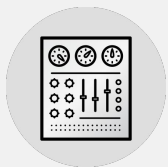


Deploy four instances
in OpenStack

CLOUDFORMS SELF-SERVICE

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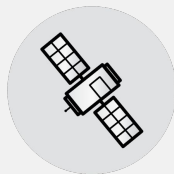
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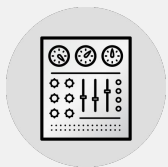
Pass control to
Satellite for OS
configuration, errata



CLOUDFORMS SELF-SERVICE

How CloudForms ties self-service, system deployment and configuration together

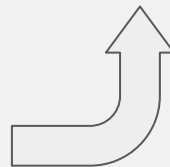
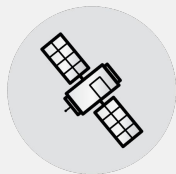
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Deploy four instances in OpenStack



Pass control to Satellite for OS configuration, errata

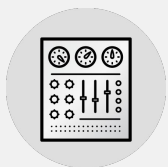


Automatically deploy Insights client as well!

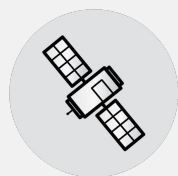
CLOUDFORMS SELF-SERVICE

How CloudForms ties self-service, system deployment and configuration together

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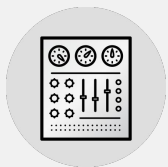


Pass control to Ansible Tower for application deployment

CLOUDFORMS SELF-SERVICE

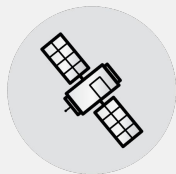
How CloudForms ties self-service, system deployment and configuration together

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Deploy four instances in OpenStack

Pass control to Satellite for OS configuration, errata



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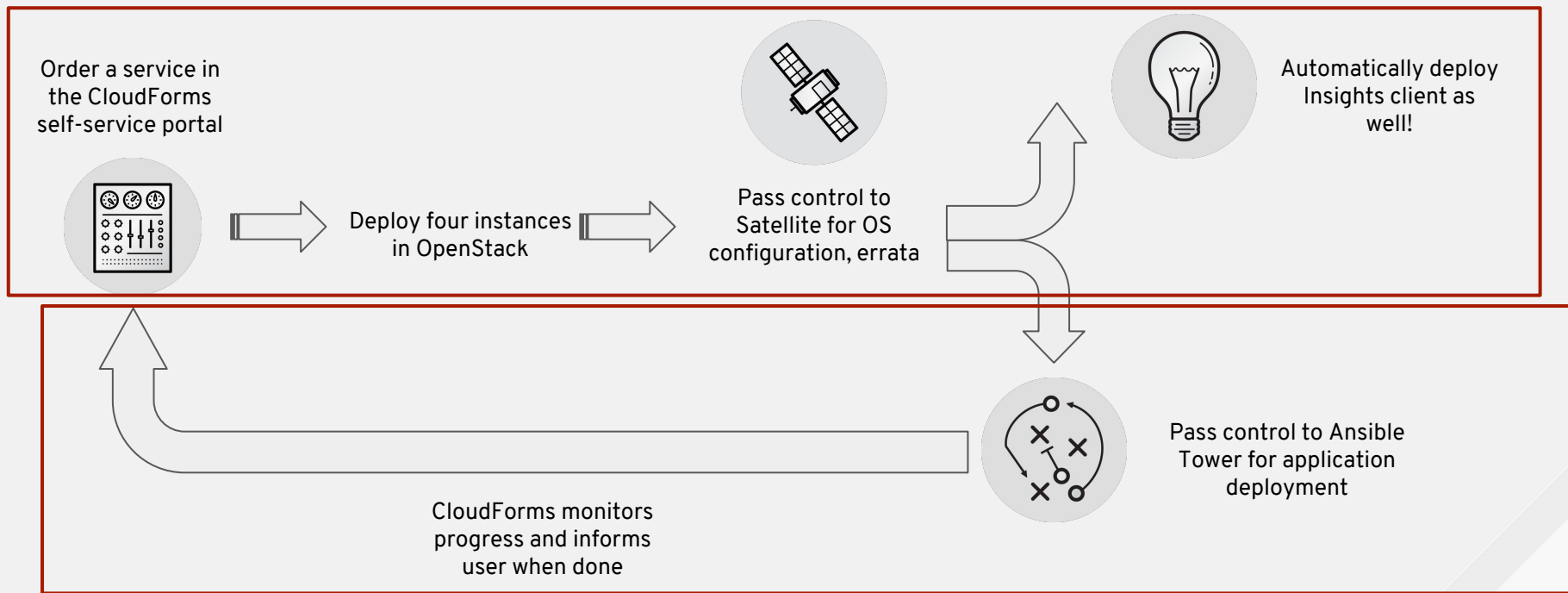
Pass control to Ansible Tower for application deployment



CloudForms monitors progress and informs user when done

CLOUDFORMS SELF-SERVICE

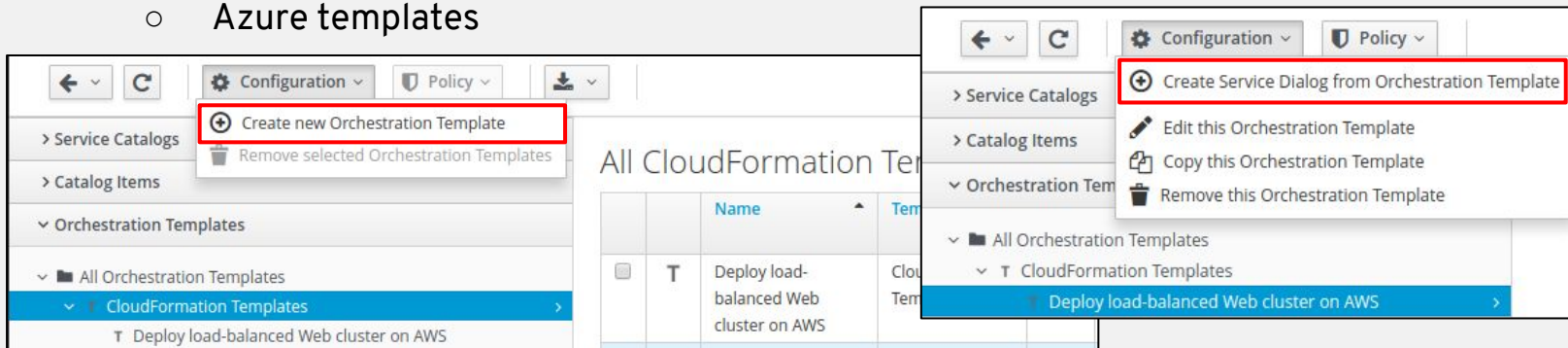
How CloudForms ties self-service, system deployment and configuration together



How hard is that?

For VMs or groups of VMs, setting up self-service in CloudForms is actually fairly straightforward.

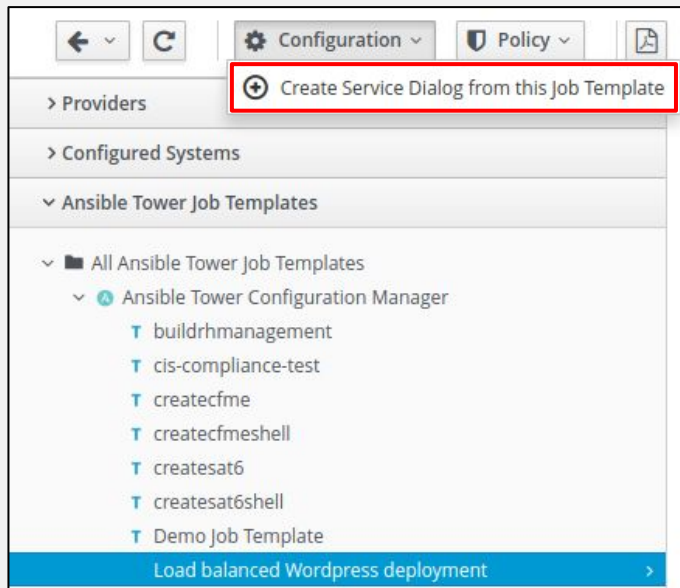
- CloudForms can consume and store:
 - Heat templates
 - CloudFormation templates
 - Azure templates
- CloudForms can automatically create dialogs from the parameters in those templates



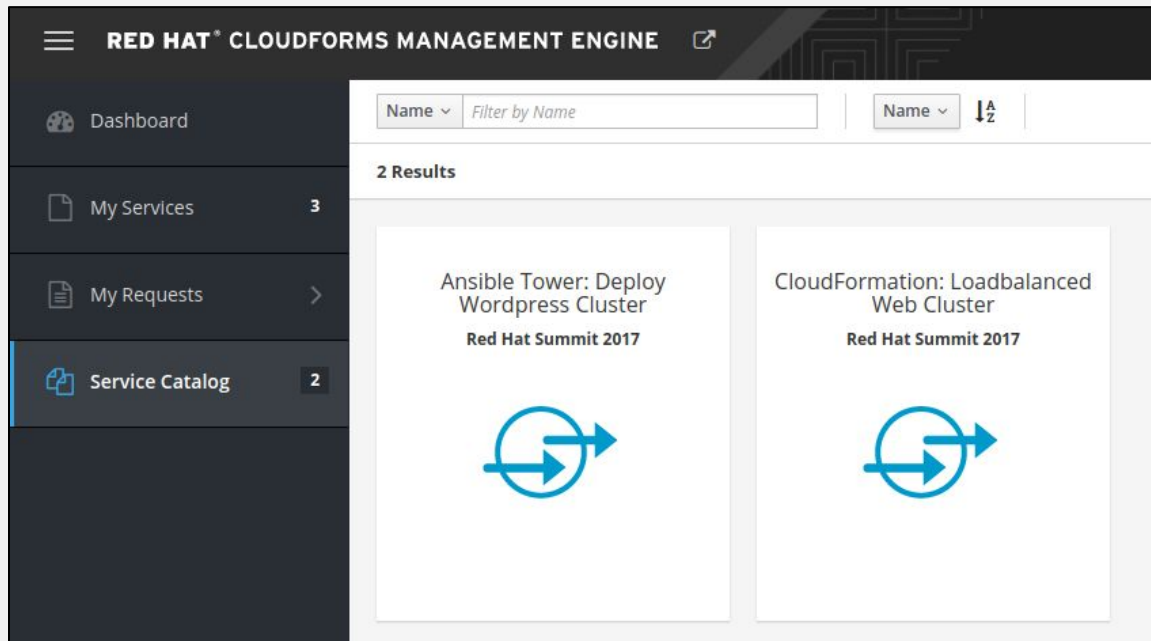
How hard is that?

Offering Ansible Job Templates to your users isn't much different. (As already mentioned.)

- CloudForms connects to Ansible Tower
- Create service dialogs based on the surveys in Ansible Job Templates
- You can customize these after creating them



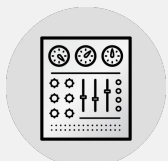
So now we have two self service items



This calls for a bundle!

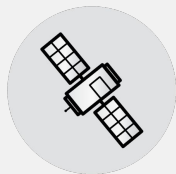
BUNDLING CATALOG ITEMS

Order a service in the CloudForms self-service portal



Deploy four instances in OpenStack

Pass control to Satellite for OS configuration, errata



Automatically deploy Insights client as well!



Pass control to Ansible Tower for application deployment




CloudForms monitors progress and informs user when done

A Catalog Bundle!

Service Catalog Item "Bundle: Load-balanced Wordpress Cluster"

Basic Info **Selected Resources**

Resources

	Name	Description	Action Order	Provision Order	Action		Delay (mins)	
					Start	Stop	Start	Stop
	CloudFormation: Loadbalanced Web Cluster	Four node, load-balanced Web Apache / MariaDB Cluster	1	1	Power On	Shutdown	0	0
	Ansible Tower: Deploy Wordpress Cluster	Deploy Wordpress Cluster based on Satellite 6 hostgroups	2	2	Do Nothing	Do Nothing	5	0

A CatalogBundle!

The screenshot displays the Red Hat CloudForms Management Engine interface. The top navigation bar includes a hamburger menu, the text "RED HAT® CLOUDFORMS MANAGEMENT ENGINE", and a share icon. The left sidebar contains navigation options: "Dashboard", "My Services" (with a count of 3), "My Requests" (with a right arrow), and "Service Catalog" (with a count of 3). The main content area shows a search filter "Name" with a dropdown arrow and the text "Filter by Name". To the right, there is another "Name" dropdown with a sort icon (downward arrow and "A-Z"). Below the search bar, it indicates "3 Results". Three service bundle cards are displayed:

- Ansible Tower: Deploy Wordpress Cluster**
Red Hat Summit 2017
Icon: A blue circular arrow with a right-pointing arrow.
- Bundle: Load-balanced Wordpress Cluster**
Red Hat Summit 2017
Icon: A white box labeled "WORDPRESS Installation" with a blue gear and the WordPress logo.
- CloudFormation: Loadbalanced Web Cluster**
Red Hat Summit 2017
Icon: A blue circular arrow with a right-pointing arrow.

The middle card, "Bundle: Load-balanced Wordpress Cluster", is highlighted with a red border.

How does this work? With a state machine!

- A state machine is like a production line, with robots at stations along the line to perform actions
- Each of my catalog items has a state machine that defines the steps to deliver the item
 - a set of predefined steps
 - a set of empty placeholders
- Use the placeholders to execute additional, custom steps for deployment



Customizing state machines: example 1

- For the example, we customized the state machine for CloudFormation deployments
- Deployment should only then be finished when the Satellite part is done
- **Solution:** use one of the placeholders to query Satellite API for existence and configuration status of the new machines
- I've put this script up as a Gist on Github, so you can copy and improve upon it

<https://gist.github.com/wzzrd/7cc7bab19b049eb4aa8842d2bf77026e>

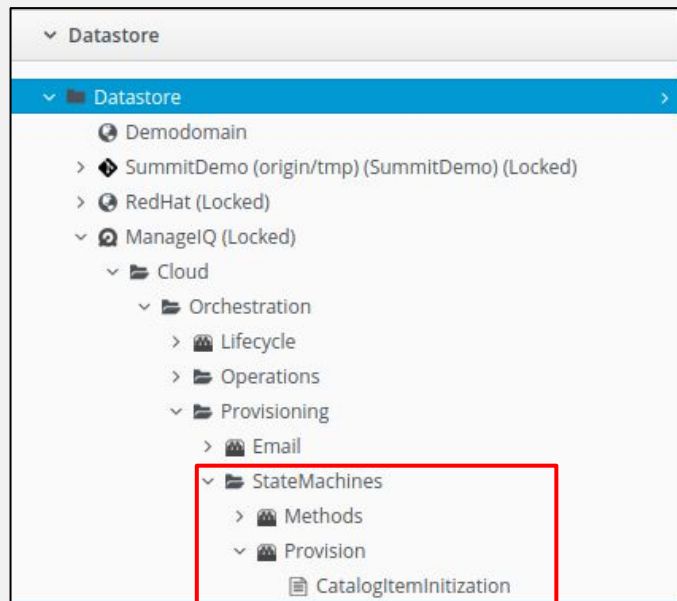
Customizing state machines: example 2

- We needed to pass the VMs created during the first catalog item (CloudFormation) to the Ansible Tower Job Template
- **Solution:** store the names of the newly created VMs in a variable, read the variable during the initialization of the Ansible Job catalog item
- Saving of the hostnames Happens in same script as previous customization example
- Customized method to start the Ansible Tower Job Template:

<https://gist.github.com/wzzrd/8a0c9e38f91668589049e32d20943eb0>

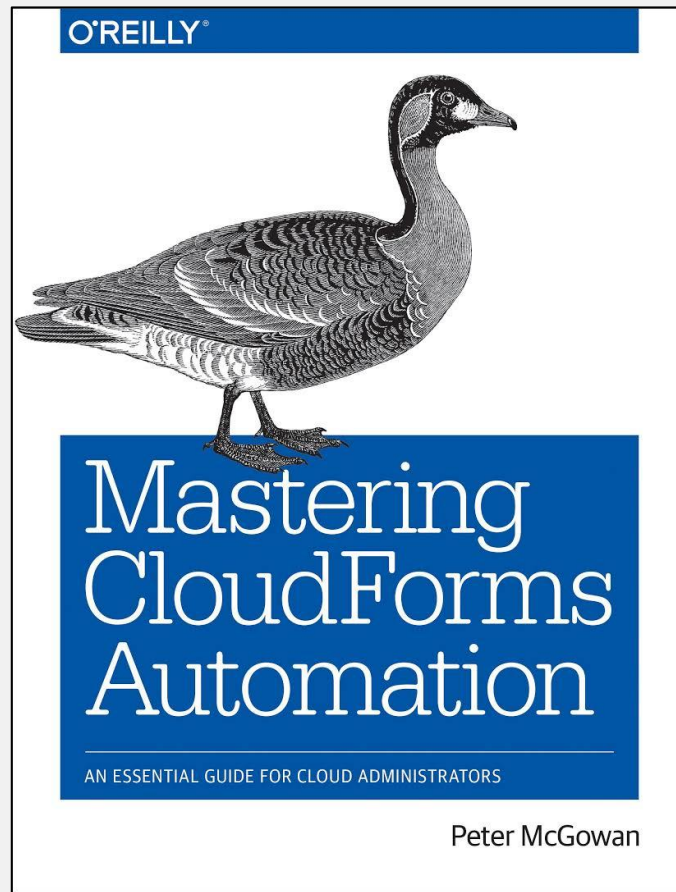
How hard is customizing state machines?

- A state machine is stored in a CloudForms Automation domain
- A table with rows for each “robot” along the assembly line
- Stored in Git as YAML
- Copy the ones that ship with CFME to your own domain, edit as required
- Each “robot” is a Ruby method, and we ship many examples :)



Want to learn more?

- There is an excellent book on CloudForms automation
- It's freely available on our website
- <http://red.ht/2oYQttJ>



DEMO

- I have a demo video, but it didn't fit this presentation :(
- Good news is, it's up on YouTube as of RIGHT NOW!
- YouTube: <http://bit.ly/2qqkc0f>
- Let us know what you think!
- Our email addresses are on the intro slide, ask us any question by mail, or drop by the CloudForms booth: we'll all be manning it this week!

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twitter.com/RedHatNews



youtube.com/user/RedHatVideos

The logo consists of a red speech bubble shape pointing downwards, containing the text "RED HAT" in a smaller font above "SUMMIT" in a larger, bold font, both in white.

RED HAT
SUMMIT

LEARN. NETWORK.
EXPERIENCE
OPEN SOURCE.

Resources

Links to resources used in this presentation

Resources used for this presentation

- <https://access.redhat.com/articles/2258471> (hammer cheat sheet)
- <https://github.com/rhtconsulting/cfme-rhconsulting-scripts>
- <https://galaxy.ansible.com/juliovp01/satellite6-install/> (original playbook for sat6)